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Page 1 01 02 03 04 For the public hearing and request for public comment 05 06 07 TECHNICALLY COMPLETE SOLID 80 WASTE PERMIT APPLICATION 09 10 and the ASSOCIATED ENVIRONMENTAL 11 ASSESSMENT STATEMENT (EAS) 12 13 **FOR** 14 15 TWO RIVERS RECYCLING, LLC 16 Catahoula Parish, Louisiana 17 18 Agency Interest Number 131943 Activity Tracking Number PER20060001 19 20 21 22 Tuesday, August 22, 2006 23 24 25 PUBLIC HEARING, held on August 22, 2006, 6:05 p.m., at the Catahoula Parish Library, 26 27 Harrisonburg, Louisiana, before Ann Baker, 28 Certified Court Reporter. 29 30 APPEARANCES 31 32 OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY 33 LEGAL AFFAIRS DIVISION 34 BY OLLIE CASWELL "O.C." SMITH, III 35 36 P. O. BOX 4302 BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA 70821-4302 37 38 39 ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTIST 40 OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY 41 ENVIRONMENTAL ASSISTANCE DIVISION 42 43 DINA HEIDAR 44 P. O. BOX 4313 45 BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA 70821-4313 46 47 ALSO PRESENT: Mr. Chris Mayeux Ms. Laura Ambeau 48 49 Mr. Calvin Fair 50 Mr. Brian Smith 51 Ms. Debra Jones 52 Page 2 01 PUBLIC HEARING 02 [BY MR. SMITH:] Good evening. 03 Let the record reflect that the time is 6:05 p.m. 04 My name is O.C. Smith, III. 05 am employed with the Louisiana Department of

August 22 2006 Public Hearing.txt Environmental Quality. I will be serving as the

hearing office this evening, Tuesday, August 22nd, 2006. This hearing is scheduled to accept public comments concerning a technically complete solid

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waste permit application and the associated environmental assessment statement for Two Rivers 11 12

Recycling, LLC, 116 Delta Gin Road, Jonesville, Louisiana 71343, Agency Interest Number 131943 and 13 Activity Tracking Number PER20060001. The facility 14 15

is located approximately fifteen miles northeast of Marksville, Louisiana in Catahoula Parish. Two 16

Rivers Recycling, LLC proposes to operate a construction and demolition debris landfill. 17

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EAS submitted by the applicant addresses avoidance of potential and real environmental effects, balancing of social and economical benefits against

21 environmental impact costs and alternative sites, 22 23

projects and mitigated measures. This hearing is

not being conducted in a question and answer format. Please remember that the purpose of this

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01 public hearing is for DEQ to receive your comments 02 concerning the technically complete solid waste 03 permit application and the associated environmental 04 assessment statement or EAS. This hearing is to 05 provide all individuals a chance to be heard regardless of their position on the technically 06 complete solid waste permit application and the associated environmental assessment statement or EAS. Courteous behavior is expected of everyone at all times. You may speak in support of the 07 80 09 10 technically complete solid waste permit application 11 and EAS, in opposition to the technically complete 12 solid waste permit application and EAS, or simply to provide additional information. All interested 13 14 15 persons will be given a reasonable opportunity to comment unless testimony is not related to the purpose of the hearing. Your comments will be evaluated and addressed in the department's written 16 17 18 A public notice advertising this public 19 response. hearing and request for public comment on technically complete solid waste permit application 20 21 22 and the associated environmental assessment 23 statement, EAS, was published on August 2nd, 2006 24 in the Catahoula News Booster, Jonesville, Louisiana, and in The Advocate, Baton Rouge, 25

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01 It was also published in the Marksville Loui si ana. 02 Weekly News and Cottonport Leader, Marksville, 03 Loui si ana on August 3rd, 2006. A copy of the material associated with the technically complete 04 solid waste permit application and EAS is available 05 For inspection and review at the LDEQ Public Records Center, Room 127, 602 North Fifth Street, Baton Rouge, Louisiana. Viewing hours are eight a.m. to four thirty p.m., Monday through Friday, 06 07 80 09 10 except holidays. Additional copies are also available for review at the Catahoula Parish 11 12 Library, Jonesville Branch, 205 Pond Street,

13 Jonesville, Louisiana 71343; the Catahoula Parish 14 Police Jury, 301 Bushley Street, Harrisonburg, Louisiana 71340; the Avoyelles Parish Library Headquarters, 104 North Washington Street, 15 16 Marksville, Louisiana 71351; the Avoyelles Parish Police Jury, 312 North Main Street, Courthouse Building, Marksville, Louisiana 71351, and the LDEQ Northeast Regional Office, 1823 Highway 546, West Monroe, Louisiana 71292. In addition, on August 17 18 19 20

2nd, 2006, copies of the public notice announcing

23 this public hearing were mailed to individuals who have requested to be placed on the mailing list maintained by the Office of Environmental Services. 24 25

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01 In accordance with the Louisiana Administrative 02 Code, Title 33, Part 7, Subpart 1, Chapter 5, Subchapter B, Section 517A. 2. D, comments received 03 by twelve thirty p.m., Thursday, September 28th, 2006, will be considered prior to a final decision. All comments received by twelve thirty p.m., Thursday, September 28th, 2006, shall be retained by the department and considered in determining 04 05 06 07 80 09 whether to issue or deny the solid waste permit. 10 Written comments on the technically complete solid waste permit application and the EAS may be 11 12 submitted to Ms. Soumaya Ghosn -- that's S-O-U-M-A-Y-A, G-H-O-S-N -- LDEQ-OES, Environmental Assistance Division, P. O. Box 4313, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70821-4313. Under Louisiana Revised 13 14 15 Statutes Title 30, Section 2017 and as revised by the legislature in the 2004 session, the department 16 17 is required to follow the following order with the 18 provision that the presiding officer may give preference to a public official to speak anytime 19 20 21 during the hearing. However, any time limit set for citizen testimony shall apply to public 22 23 officials. The department must provide up to 24 thirty minutes to the permit applicant for an 25 introductory presentation. Thereafter preference

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for speaking up to one hour is given as follows. For the first hour, to those citizens who live within a two mile radius of the location of the facility. For the second hour, to those citizens who work within a two mile radius of the location of the facility. And for the third hour, to those citizens who live within the parish of the location Thereafter each hour of the of the facility. hearing shall alternate between those who are in support of the technically complete solid waste permit application and those who are opposed to the technically complete solid waste permit application. The order of speakers for tonight's hearing will be based upon the information provided by the speaker on the registration form. Anyone who registered to speak, but did not provide the necessary information will be given the opportunity to speak, however, they will be called last in the order of registration. This hearing is being Page 3

August 22 2006 Public Hearing.txt 20 transcribed, therefore, I ask that each speaker 21 begin by stating for the record their name, address and any organization he or she may represent. I also remind you to please turn off all cell phones. Thank you. At this time, the permit applicant's 22 23 24 representative may come forward and make their 25 Page 7 01 introductory presentation. I have registration forms from Mr. Gordon Boutwell, Douglas Clark and 02 03 W.S. DeBose. 04 [BY MR. CLARK:] Good evening. I want to appreciate and recognize all of you for being here and participating in the process. I represent Two 05 06 07 80 Rivers Recycling. My name is Douglas Clark. I'm 09 the project manager. And for the record my address is 1319 Military Cutoff, Wilmington, North Carolina, PMB176, and that is in 28405. I 10 I would 11 also like to introduce tonight the people who have helped design this facility to make it the safest, what we believe is the safest construction demolition facility in the State bar none and I'd 12 13 14 15 like to introduce Mr. Gordon Boutwell. He's a 16 professional engineer of forty-two years. He also has a Ph.D. in Civil Engineering. He is an expert 17 18 19 in levees and was selected by the America Society 20 of Civil Engineers and the National Science Foundation to determine, to investigate, to 21 22 evaluate the cause of the levee failures in New 23 He has also designed our facility. 24 Everything that you see in these two books, Dr. 25 Boutwell has been responsible for preparing. Also Page 8 he has recently testified in front of Congress in 01 July of this year and has taught at LSU for landfill design and has won an award from LDEQ known as the Bentley Mackie Award. So as you can see, Dr. Boutwell is absolutely the best in this 02 03 04 05 part of the country bar none and we have all the 06 confidence in the world that he will design a 07 facility that is absolutely safe. 80 I am not going to spend a lot of time about the facility design. 09 And I'd also like to represent 10 Dr. Boutwell will. 11 Dr. John Bryant who is also a Ph.D. in soil 12

landfill design and has won an award from LDEQ known as the Bentley Mackie Award. So as you can see, Dr. Boutwell is absolutely the best in this part of the country bar none and we have all the confidence in the world that he will design a facility that is absolutely safe. I am not going to spend a lot of time about the facility design. Dr. Boutwell will. And I'd also like to represent Dr. John Bryant who is also a Ph.D. in soil chemistry and in soil classification, and he was an individual who has had a lot of responsibility in helping me decide which one of the alternative sites that we evaluated was the best. We chose this particular site because it is underlain by twenty to eighty plus feet of sharky clay, which is, you know, is a very, very tight clay. We are glad to be here tonight to hear the view of the entire community whether you are opposed to the facility or whether you support the facility. We want to let everyone know that we are going to be model citizens -- that Two Rivers will be a model citizen in the community. We know there has been a tremendous amount of information and misconception

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based upon that information and we can not address all of them tonight, but we will try to address each and every one of those perceptions in our written response to LDEQ. Let me say that in addition to the public notices that were noted by LDEQ, there have been at least six other public notices given and we held a special meeting in District 9 at Larto Lake of Catahoula Parish where a number of people in attendance here participated. The general location of our facility is as you can see on the map, the facility boundaries are marked in blue. It's approximately fifty-two hundred acres. The actual site, however, that we are seeking a permit for is approximately in this area here. It is two hundred and ten. It is two hundred and ten -- two hundred and seven acres in size and Dr. Boutwell will describe And I wanted to talk about our some of that. nearest neighbors. There are several noteworthy American -- Native American sites that are known on the site. The closest one to the facility is a mile away and that is referred to as the dragline Some people may know it as the old ditch site, which was the very site that the farm discovered while digging a ditch. The farm immediately stopped that project of digging this

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ditch and they called in expert archaeologists and that has resulted in all of the information that has been written about, discussed, evaluated. It all began with the operators and owners of the Delta Saline Farm. We are located within the Delta Saline. The second closest area of concern is known as the Mays Mounds, which is one and a half miles away, and then there's a lot of talk about Cowpen Slough and that is over 1.5 miles away. And when I say away, I mean from the outside closest edge of our cell, so it's a long ways away.

BY MR. DANNY WILEY: I deny

that. [BY MR. CLARK:]

Lake Larto on the other hand from the southern edge of our facility is about 3.5 to 4 miles away. Marksville as we noted was some 18 miles away, but by road it's 37 miles. Jonesville is about 18 miles away by the way the crow flies, but by road is another 30 miles away, so we're in a very remote location. Also if you want to refer to this side along the river, we are south of Lock Number 1 between Mile Markers 4 and 7. The other points I'd like to make very quickly is that there is absolutely a demonstrated need for the construction

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of this facility to accommodate demolition and construction demolition debris in the New Orleans area and the Katrina area. There is not sufficient capacity with enough environmental protective measures, so we have proposed this facility here.

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06 This facility also has a number of benefits. 07 benefits are that if we were not transporting materials by barge, they would be transported to other landfills in trucks and because one barge 80 09 holds the equivalent of seventy trucks, moving by barge saves a significant amount of money that 10 11 12 would otherwise be spent repairing highways and 13 bridges. There is also a significant economic gain 14 to Catahoula Parish and we believe to the regional 15 economy because we are going to rely upon local residents to work with us to make sure that we 16 operate the safest C&D facility in the State. We are also relying upon all local vendors, all local contractors, professional engineers and the like. The facility itself has been significant overengineered from the standard LDEQ design for 17 18 19 20 21 22 construction and demolition sites and we have done 23 that by placing the entire facility above ground. 24 We're not placing construction debris on the 25 surface. We are going seventeen feet above ground

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in the middle of this facility of the two hundred acres and it will have a two percent slope moving to the outside. This prevents any water from potentially leaking through that facility and it's also underlain by dozens of feet of clay, so if you do not have any water percolating through, there can be no possibility of a leak. What you have to then do is to guard against any potential contamination from runoff, so we have developed a second levee system that surrounds each one of these cells and that water then can not be discharged until it meets very specific criteria that is established by LDEQ, and this is probably the only construction demolition facility in the State that has integrated into its design a groundwater monitoring system. In most facilities, there is groundwater monitoring systems around the perimeter of the facility. On our site, the groundwater, the first wells are located on the levees that immediately surround each cell. we're not talking about hundreds or thousands of We're talking in yards away. that a lot of people have concerns over the Formosan termi'tes' and we have worked very closely with a number of experts and entomologists in the

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field and with Louisiana Department of Agriculture We will fumigate every single barge and Forestry. after these steel hatches are placed upon these barges and the fumigant will be introduced and it will stay there for however long the fumigation experts determine and the lids will be taken off and inspected prior to coming to us. Then when barges arrive here, we have an inspection area. Everything is laid out on a lined area and we Then when the inspect and we're not allowed to take tires, white goods, there's a whole host of things we can not Those materials are picked up manually and

August 22 2006 Public Hearing.txt stored in what we call a non-compliant storage area where those materials within forty-eight to seventy-two hours will be removed to a location approved by LDEQ. I'd also like to mention about the destruction of wildlife habitat. This farm, thirty-five thousand plus acres, has been operating consistently for thirty-one years. So when you go to the farm, what you see are very flat and the most beautiful cotton fields and soybean fields that I've seen. And so we are not, as people would like you to think, building on top of sacred Native American sites and we are collecting as many facts

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us look for those sites and I've written letters to both Chairman Barbry and to Chief Norris pledging that we will not impact any significant archaeological site burial ground without going through the consulting process that is set out for all of us to follow. And lastly, I just wanted to dispel the idea that we're going to be handling any sort of toxic or hazardous materials. That is not the case. Now let me turn it over to Dr. Boutwell who will make a few points on the design. [BY DR. BOUTWELL:]

as we can. We are retaining professionals to help

The long and the short of it, the short being me, and I notice that the hearing officer and I are the only ones who didn't have time to change out of our working clothes. My name is Gordon Boutwell. I live at 3113 East Lakeshore Drive in Baton Rouge, 70808. I am the president of a firm in Baton Rouge called Soil Testing Engineers and I am here, of course, as the designer of this particular facility. As Doug Clark mentioned, this is a construction and demolition debris or so called Type III facility. It is not intended to nor will it be permitted to handle hazardous waste, toxic things, industrial, you know, all the things that really worry us. Now, as far as where we are, the

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actual cell that Two Rivers is trying to permit at this time is located at this point here. Can everybody hear me without the mic? Okay. Thank you, sir. The cell that we're trying to build is right here. If you'll notice, it is surrounded by its own perimeter levee. That levee is higher that the Red River levee, so if there is any flooding in the area, this will be an island. Now, as far as what happens to rainwater, rainwater is collected within the perimeter levee that's got enough area and volume to handle all water that will fall in there in the DEQ required design and stored. That water is then transferred to the detention pond at this location where it will be tested, treated if necessary, and then and only then discharged into Cowpen Slough. Okay. That takes care of the surface water. Now, I am primarily a general civil with a lot of expertise in soil, so I'm not much of a surface water man. To help with this, I got

20 Keith Capdicon at Brian Hammock and Associates in 21

Ferri day. I've worked with Hammock and Associates

22 23 for years and years on other landfills and so they

have a zero learning curve for what had to be done here. Now, as I said, my big bag is the subsurface. Yeah, if you'll just hold it up 24 25

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Thank you, Doug. This diagram is one of the sections that we took through the facility based on borings which my firm made to DEQ's specifications for a solid waste site that it is for a municipal solid waste site. Here is where cell one is going to be, and you'll notice the green, dark green and light green. Those are So we have quite a bit of natural clay underlying our facility. Down here at a depth of around, between twenty and eighty feet, we come into a sand. That sand underlies the whole area and that's the one where we're going to do the groundwater monitoring because that's the most likely flow path, but basically we've got good geology here. Next please. I mentioned the groundwater monitoring. We set some temporary wells out here at the site to try to figure out which way the groundwater was flowing. And just like it does along the Mississippi River, along the Red it's doing the same thing, and that is when the Red River is high, water is flowing away from the Red River in that deep sand. When the water in the Red River is very low, the water in the deep sand flows back to the Red River. So we have two what we call down-gradient directions. In other words,

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downhill on the groundwater map, the water can flow in two directions, toward the river, away from the river. For that reason, we have monitoring wells spaced out on both the river side and the side away from the river. These wells meet the distance requirements for a more stringent situation, a municipal solid waste site. Okay. Next. We'll just show that, but this one is real important. Here I'm showing you a cross-section through the final design on this thing is highly exaggerated vertically, okay? These slopes are a lot flatter than you see. The dark green shows the original grade out there now, the real land surface as it is In order to provide drainage from the waste mass, we are building up a pyramid of dirt about fifteen feet high in the center, and the reason for this is so that when water seeps down through this debris, it will flow off to the sides where it can then be taken off to the treatment pond. Above this structural fill, which will be a clay by the way, we have a three foot re-compacted clay line. Now, that means we put the dirt in. First off, we select a good clay that we can compact and get very high resistance to water flow. We put this in in layers. Each layer is tested and approved before

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        the next one goes on and basically we meet a
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        criterion on the resistance to water flow that DEQ
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        have an excellent groundwater protection system here. It's more than any of the C&D landfills that
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        I have worked with before. Very few people are
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        willing to do this.
                                   0kay.
                                           Those are the primary
       features. Now, another thing that is done is that at least every thirty days and more often if necessary, the waste mask is covered with a daily
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       cover which can be either six inches of clay or one of the DEQ approved spray on covers. This keeps
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                                                          This keeps
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        down the potential for any odors if we had anything
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        in there that would rot and the only thing we ve
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        got that would rot would be wood that I can think
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              So that pretty much covers the design of the g. If you want more details, the permit
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        thi ng.
        application is full of details including how we
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       test things, how we lay them out, what they're designed to do. All the different features of the design, they're all in there. So with that, I've
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        concluded the engineering viewpoint. And, Doug, do
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        you have anything further?
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             BY MR. CLARK:
                                 No.
      Page 19
01
        [BY DR. BOUTWELL: ]
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             In that case, thank you very much.
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        [BY MR. SMITH:]
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             Did you want to introduce those exhibits?
             BY MŘ. CLARK: Yes, please.
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        [BY MR. SMITH:]
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             Okay. We want to put these as "Exhibits 1-A," "C," and "D."
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             BY MR. BOUTWELL: Mr. Hearing
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        Officer, all of those are directly
        out of the permit.
[BY MR. SMITH:]
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             All right. It's your choice whether you want
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             BY MR. CLARK: Yeah, we can put
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        them as "Exhibits 1-A" through "E."
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        [BY MR. SMITH:]
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       Okay. I will now begin by allowing all persons who have signed up to speak for three minutes in which to present their comments. Anyor who needs more than three minutes will be allowed
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        to finish his or her comments after all the
        registered speakers have had the opportunity to
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        speak. The first to speak will be those citizens
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        who live within a two mile radius of the location
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       of the facility. The next group will be -- the next group of speakers will be those who work within a two mile radius of the location of the
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        facility. Next are those citizens who live within
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        the parish of the location of the facility.
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August 22 2006 Public Hearing.txt
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       this time I will call on those citizens who are -
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       at this time I will call -- at this time we have
       some, we have some speakers who have asked for preference as public officials and I'm going to
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       call those individuals at this time. Mr. Charles
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       Myer.
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            BY MR. MYERS:
                            Yes, sir.
       [BY MR. SMITH:]
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            ...president of the Police Jury.
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            BY MR. MYERS: I'm Charlie
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       Myers.
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       [BY MR. SMITH:]
            You need to come up to where you can speak in
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       the microphone. We're going to ask all the speakers when called to come up to the podium to
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       give their name, their address and any organization
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       that they may represent.
       [BY MR. MYER: ]
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           Well, I'm Charlie Myers. I'm president of the
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       police jury and on behalf of the jury I would like
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      Page 21
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       to say that this jury does support a hundred
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       percent this proposal.
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       [BY MR. SMITH:]
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            Thank you.
                          Next I have Mr. Russell Purvis.
       [BY MR. PUŘVIS:]
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       My name is Russell Purvis. My address is 407 Mound Street in Jonesville. I'm a lawyer in
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       Jonesville and I represent the Catahoula Parish
Police Jury and I also represent the Town of
Jonesville. At this time I have a resolution from
the Town of Jonesville, from the mayor and the
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       council supporting the project wholeheartedly and I
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       would ask that that be introduced as part of the
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       record.
       [BY MR. SMITH:]
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           We'll accept this as "Exhibit 2."
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       [BY MR. PURVIS: ]
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            And Mayor Wilson is here and I -- to support
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       the project. I think its support -- when I
       graduated from law school in 1975, I think
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       Čatahoula Parish had the second lowest per capita
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       income of any parish in Louisiana and I think
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       Louisiana was the lowest per capita income in all
       the states, so we've made a lot of progress, but
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       tonight we're standing at a crossroads. The parish
      Page 22
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                         We have not been as fortunate as
       is struggling.
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       some of our neighboring parishes with a tax base
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       that would give them the abilities to provide for
their citizens. We've struggled. The parish is
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       struggling financially almošť a daily basis. Under
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       the agreement that we have negotiated with Two
       Rivers, the income to the parish under the projected use of the facility would more than
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       double, so that would mean that we would -- our
       present budget would be twice as much. That would
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       give us monies to fund infrastructure, give us
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       monies to give us the roads and bridges, remodel
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August 22 2006 Public Hearing.txt 13 the courthouse that's falling down, all of you 14 know, and it will give us a lot of things that we wouldn't have. You know, our people are working on little of nothing and it would give us a chance to 15 16 give some raises to all our employees and help all the parish. So that's why the parish is so for it, but the police jury is behind it. I think all of the people who have related to the police jury 17 18 19 20 21 wholeheartedly support it and I voice that tonight. 22 Thank you. 23 [BY MR. SMITH:] 24 Next I have Mr. Jackie Paulk. 25 [BY MR. PAULK:] Page 23 01 My name is Jackie Paulk. I'm vice-president 02 of Catahoula Parish Police Jury. I represent District 9 on which the facility's ground would be 03 located and I guess I'd say I'm here to represent 04 the people in my ward that does support this and the majority of the people in Ward 9 does support it and we've got a small minority that don't and 05 06 07 we've got some out of parish people that have camps on the lake that don't support the project, I'm 80 09 aware of that, but the majority of my people do support it. They are concerned because it's going 10 11 12 to create jobs and a lot of our people work away from home and they're looking forward to the jobs 13 so they can stay at home and make a living for their family. Thank you. 14 their family. 15 [BY MR. SMITH:] 16 Thank you. 17 All right. Next we're going to have those citizens who live within a two mile 18 19 radius of the location of the facility. Mr. Otis 20 Wiley, Jr. Mr. Wiley.
BY MR. OTIS O. WILEY, JR.:] 21 I'm on my way. 22 [BY MR. SMITH:]
All right. Good.
[BY MR. OTIS WILEY, JR.:] 23 24 25 Page 24 My name is Otis O. Wiley, Jr. My address, 01 3119 Highway 3102, Jonesville, Louisiana 71343. 02 That is really a misnomer since I live on Larto 03 Lake approximately four miles down the road from the landfill. We have had various people come up 04 05 here and do a most excellent presentation for their 06 side. I wish to say at this point that there are consultants out here who are doing a fantastic job 07 80 09 of taking the application and basically shredding 10 These consultants will be admitting their information and their evidence to the DEQ for a 11 12 final technical analysis. Rest assured that there are not only consultants involved on this, there are various organizations who are opposed to this, 13 14 for an example, Ducks Unlimited. In Catahoula 15 Parish, Ducks Unlimited is very strong. 16

question is who do you believe in, Catahoula

Parish, Duck Unlimited who are against it, or your

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Catahoula Parish Police Jurors? Another person

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August 22 2006 Public Hearing.txt
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        involved in this or I should say organization is
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        environmental groups.
                                        Two to be exact.
                                                                  One is
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        known as the Louisiana Environmental Action Network
        based out of Baton Rouge. They are on record against the permit of this facility. They have furnished a consultant. The person would have been
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Page 25
        here tonight. Either (a), she ran into bad luck, or (b), she got lost from point A to Harrisonburg,
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        Loui si ana.
                      I prefer to think that she got lost
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        between here and Harrisonburg, Louisiana -- there
        and Harrisonburg, Louisiana. However person's credentials are exemplary.
                                                 However, this plary. Example, a lot
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        of people remember Rapides Parish and their
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        landfill fiasco. One of the most prominent and
        strongest police juror's there ever was in Rapides
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        Parish led the fight to bring that landfill to
                                (Quote), "Nobody could beat him."
11
        Rapi des Pari sh.
        Not only was the landfill defeated, but so was he
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        and his police jurors that supported him.
                                                                    It does
        make you think a little bit, doesn't it? People are of the type that they will give you the benefit of the doubt, but you don't lie to them. You don't
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        mislead them and, you know, the longer it drags on,
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        the more that sunshine of proof gets out and people
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        begin to think, people begin to question and they say, you know, they told us that they had this permit nailed down, there was no way to stop it, but wait a minute, they're having these public hearings in Avoyelles Parish, they're having them in Catahoula. Where are these organizations coming from that are opposing it? Why? Why did they
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Page 26
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        oppose a similar landfill in North Carolina where
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        it got so bad politically that...
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        [BY MR. SMITH:]
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              Time's up. Would you finish your sentence and
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        you can.
             BY MR. DANNY WILEY: He can
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07
        have my time.
        [BY MR. SMITH:]
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09
              ..always come back after everyone else has
10
        had a chance.
              BY MR. OTIS WILEY, JR.:
11
                                                 Sure.
12
        [BY MR. SMITH:]
              ...and you can speak as long as you'd like. BY MR. OTIS WILEY, JR.: If
13
14
        you'll do that...
15
        [BY MR. SMITH:]
16
17
              Ri ght.
              BY MR. OTIS WILEY, JR.: ...I'd
18
19
        appreciate it.
20
        [BY MR. SMITH:]
21
              Sure.
22
              BY MR. DANNY WILEY:
                                           He can
        have my time.
[BY MR. SMITH:]
23
24
25
              All right. Mr. Danny Wiley is next.
                                                                   Everyone
```

01 will get a chance to finish. I just want to go 02 through and let everybody have a chance first and then you can come back up after. [BY MR. DANNY WILEY:] 03 04 05 Oh, I'm not going to get excited. I probably don't even need this microphone because probably 06 07 everybody can hear me like it is. But folks, I'm going to tell you something. landfill deal... 80 As far as this 09 10 BY UNIDENTIFIED PERSON: 11 need to give your name and address. [BY MR. DANNY WILEY:] 12 My name is Danny Wiley. I live at Highway 3102, Larto, Louisiana 71343. 13 I live at 1929 14 But all of the people on Larto are against this landfill. 15 16 BY MEMBER OF AUDIENCE: [BY MR. DANNY WILEY:] 17 And some that don't affect them and don't fish 18 none and don't live by it that live in Catahoula 19 Parish is for it because they want tax money.
That's what they want. I've lived there all my
life and we've suffered through a lot of things on 20 21 22 Larto Lake, but Jonesville wouldn't be the town 23 today that it is if it hadn't been for Larto Lake 24 25 and Black River. They made it. But anyway, you

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know, this thing is going to be closer to Larto Lake and Larto Bayou than what he first commented. It's closer and it's not a half a mile from it, from Larto Bayou and it backs up right into Larto It's dry as a bone now almost, but it backs up right into Larto Lake. And we get backwater and we don't need water that's contaminated. But like I said, you know, there's a lot to be said that you can't say in three minutes. I don't know, they got more time than what we got. But anyway, the police jury voted this thing in. They kind of slipped this thing in blind on us. We'd have been to the meeting if they hadn't have slipped it in very, very easy right in the middle, but they did do it and they all voted for it. But see, it won't have any impact on any of the police jury members. None. None. Not where they live or nothing. the only thing we have at Larto, Louisiana is Larto Lake and we don't want it destroyed. We don't want to take a chance on it. We've fought pesticides, herbicides. They turned it into a mud hole in 1973. Before we got the flood, it wasn't nothing but a mud hole. Killed all the fish and everything. And we're tired of people, even these folks that own this place, come to our church two

Page 29

or three times and they put a couple or three hundred dollars in the plate, but then whenever we started bucking them on it, we haven't seen them anymore. I wonder what happened to these good religious people. They said they were our Page 13

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06
       nei ghbors.
                       They wasn't visitors.
                                                    They were our
07
       nei ghbors.
                       Well, where have these neighbors been,
                    And this is the same thing that
80
       you know?
       Louisiana Delta did years ago. They come in, they built the mound for the church, they give them some property to put a church on, they did everything
09
10
11
       for the -- the people with their bulldozers and
12
13
       everything. I was the first man to put a plow in
14
       the ground at Louisiana Delta, so I know what the
15
       game plan is. And these folks here bought this
       property way before Katrina ever hit, before
16
       Katrina ever hit and they knew exactly what they
17
       were going to do with this disposal area.
[BY MR. SMITH:]
18
19
20
            Once again, your time is up. BY MR. WILEY: Thank you.
21
22
       [BY MR. SMITH:]
23
            The next speaker is Oscar Wiley. The next
24
       speaker is Oscar Wiley. If Oscar doesn't come, I'm
25
       going to go to the next one.
Page 30
       [BY MR. OSCAR WILEY:]
01
            My name is Oscar Wiley, 1937 Highway 3102,
02
                I don't know what more to say than what's
03
04
       already been said, but I do know the landfill is
05
       not a half a mile of airline away from our little
       school down there and the only way you're going to get that stuff off of barges is by clamshell
06
07
       buckets and when that stuff gets airborne, you get
a south wind, it's going right to our little school
and you can't keep asbestos out of the air when
80
09
10
       it's in there. And they can't kill all the
11
                     They can shut them up in there and them
12
       termi tes.
13
       termites in that wood, it's not going to penetrate
14
       those woods.
                         And like my brother said, this was
       all started before Katrina come along and we know
15
       that they're going to bring New York garbage around the coast, down to Alabama within three hundred miles and then ship it on to our place. We don't
16
17
18
       need all their garbage from up north. We've got
19
20
       enough of our own down here.
            BY MEMBER OF AUDIENCE:
21
22
       [BY MR. OSCAR WILEY: ]
23
            And I thank you.
       [BY MR. SMITH:]
24
25
             Thank you. Next we have Groner Wiley.
      Page 31
            BY MEMBER OF AUDIENCE:
01
                                           Grover.
02
       [BY MR. SMITH:]
03
            Grover.
                      I'm sorry.
       [BY MR. GROVER WILEY: ]
04
       Folks, I'm Grover Wiley, 150 Birdnest Lane, Larto Lake. Not Jonesville, Larto Lake. I'm one of the brothers, three of these two that just spoke. I would like to say this. I have a lot of
05
06
07
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       political friends and we're going to put it in this
09
10
       perspective. The little man has no pull. It comes
11
       from the big man down. I am tired of political
12
       overtures that pulls and get in this. We have a
                                                 Page 14
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August 22 2006 Public Hearing.txt 13 country we call Sportsman Paradise. Louisiana was. 14 What part of it can you call Sportsman Paradise 15 now? It's been raked over, it's been scraped over and again, our country is being used for the patsy 16 of other people's benefit. People in Jonesville, 17 people in Harrisonburg, you're friends, that's fine. But we're taking the scrapings of the bowl 18 19 while ya'll grab, or I say ya'll, the people up this way grab the rest of it. We take the dirti 20 We take the dirties 21 22 as we always have in the past and we're tired of 23 the dirties. We're ready for some of the benefits we haven't had. Our lake has gone to heck. Now, it's going to go a little bit further. I won't 24 25 Page 32 01 take the full three minutes, I say this is it, but 02 we're tired of it and will not stop fighting. 03 BY MEMBER OF AUDIENCE: Amen. 04 [BY MR. SMITH:] All right. 05 The next group of speakers will be those who work within a two mile radius of the 06 facility and the first speaker that I have is Mr. John P. Bryant.
[BY MR. JOHN P. BRYANT:] 07 80 09 I want to thank you... 10 [BY MR. SMITH:] 11 Give us your name and address please.
[BY MR. JOHN P. BRYANT:] 12 13 My name is John P. Bryant. I live at, let me see if I can remember this long number, 23262 14 15 Highway 124, Jonesville, Louisiana, about halfway between Jonesville and Larto Lake. And, you know, 16 17 there are no secrets in this landfill project. So 18 many people feel that they're being deceived and I feel like that most of this results from 19 20 21 misinformation, misinformation both in the media and personal. A lot of it is financially 22 23 motivated. We've heard a lot of things. We've 24 heard so many rumors. I even saw an article in the 25 paper some fellow was afraid there was going to be Page 33 01 body parts floating around his place and I remember that being in the newspaper. And so we just have all kinds of rumors. We've gotten ourselves almost 02 03 04 in a hysterical mode and there is no reason for that. It's just a pure and simple landfill. I've heard about odors and that's been talked about. 05 06 This is debris that shouldn't cause odors unless 07 the wood molds or something like that, there could 80 09 be some kind of odors. I've heard about toxicity, 10 hazardous waste materials. There are none of these This landfill is not licensed for 11 to go there. But I hear a lot of the comments talking 12 about toxicity. I even heard once that someone was afraid the asbestos would get in the lake and kill the fish and everyone that knows a little bit about 13 14 15 16 asbestos knows that that can't be true.

basically an inert material. I've heard about

water, afraid the water is going to move up Larto

Bayou. Well, water does when the Red River rises,

Page 15

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18 19

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         but it can't get from this landfill up Larto Bayou.
20
21
         Now, if there is a flood, you say, well, but there
         might be a flood. Over atop this sixty-two foot levee? Listen, if there is a flood that overtops a sixty-two foot levee, we're not going to be worried about the landfill. Besides that, the water is
22
23
24
25
Page 34
01
         going to be headed towards the Gulf. It's not
         going to be headed towards Larto. So it's
02
        possible, anything is possible. Nothing is a hundred percent. We can't say, no. But the risk, we've got to look at the risk versus the benefits. So I think the economic benefit, of course, well, personally I feel like it's essential for Catahoula
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                      It's already been talked about, the
09
         financial condition and, you know, many people --
10
         well, first of all, it's not just a haphazard
                    You heard Dr. Boutwell speak about the way
11
12
         the thing is engineered. It's just, again, the
         risk. There is a risk. Nothing as I say is a hundred percent, but it's minimal. We're in a poor parish. This is not -- some people think we're
13
14
15
         selling our soul in Catahoula Parish just for the
16
         money and that, as you've heard, the engineering on it, it's just pure and simple. It's not selling our soul. It is engineered well.
17
18
19
         [BY MR. SMITH:]
20
               Your time is up.
BY MR JOHN BRYANT: We're --
21
22
23
         what's that? Time's up?
         [BY MR. SMITH:]
24
               Your time is up.
25
Page 35
01
               BY MR. JOHN BRYANT: Okay.
         [BY MR. SMITH:]
02
         Thank you. After everyone is comyou'll have an opportunity to finish.
03
                                 After everyone is completed,
04
               BY MR. JOHN BRYANT: Ókay.
05
06
         Thank you.
         [BY MR. SMITH: ]
07
               I'd like to remind everybody also please, this
80
        is the only place where I would like to have anybody talking, making comments is on this microphone up here, not in the crowd please. It's very disruptive. It's not very polite. Thank you. Mr. Johnny Deville.
09
10
11
12
13
         [BY MR. JOHNNY DEVILLE:]
Johnny Deville, 137 O. Wiley Road,
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15
         Jonesville. I'd like to present a quick scenario for all you parents. It's been said that this is
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17
         close to the school and that's correct. You've
18
19
         also heard the experts say they're going to
         transfer possibly contaminated water back and forth through this. Let's just say that one mosquito
20
21
         gets into this contaminated water and gets to the
22
         school and a child dies. How would you like for
23
         that to be on your conscience for something that
24
25
         you introduced to the area to kill a human being,
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01 much less someone's child? When you go to bed 02 tonight, I'd like for you to do one thing. When you speak to your grandchildren tonight or you tell your children goodnight, you think about having to bury them today and then go to bed. You think how 03 04 05 that would be for your children and you just think of it. Now, I'd like to introduce this letter of 06 07 opposition in the record. 80 Thank you. 09 [BY MR. SMITH:] 10 We'll accept this exhibit as "Exhibit 11 Number. BY UNIDENTIFIED PERSON: "3." 13 BY UNIDENTIFIED PERSON: "3." 14 [BY MR. SMITH:]
..."3," excuse me, from Mr. Johnny Deville. 15 16 All right. 17 Next is Lawrence Edwards. that one right? 18 [BY MR. LAWKENCE EDWARDS:] 19 20 My name is Lawrence Edwards. I live at 23156 Highway 124, Jonesville, Louisiana. I'm a native son-in-law to a community with family and friends still living in the area. My family and I own land in the area. My wife and I, Joann and I oppose 21 22 23 24 25 this project. I wonder how many of you have

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actually read the permit application plan that's at the library. I have and there are many inaccuraciés and questions left unanswéred. why should I believe any of this technical data when they don't even know where we live. The plan keeps referring to our community as Argo. of you know where Argo is? I am fifty-nine years old and lived in the community all my life. don't know where Argo is, but they keep reporting to the people as living in Argo. We don't. Our to the people as living in Argo. We don't. Our community is called Larto. Our school is called Central High School that they keep referring to. The homes nearest to the project are the LaPrairies right straight across the river from Larto Bayou. The location of the area is a flood prone area and about forty-eight feet msl. The levees listed in the plan are farm levees, not public levees. Red River topped these levees in '72, '73, '74, '75, '78 and '82. They were not built to withstand a hundred year flood. The soil type, cell one, that he showed you on, is Dundee-Alligator Complex according to the soil conservation service in It is not clay as they indicate. Jonesvi I l e. the roads in the Larto community with the Larto dam around 3102 are flood prone, so how are we going to

Page 38

01 get to this project when it's flooding? Much of 02 the Catahoula Parish roads toward Vick is gravel 03 and constantly needs maintenance. All of the 04 drainage projects point back to Cowpen Slough which 05 drains into Larto Bayou and into Red River or back Page 17

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        into Larto-Saline Complex depending on the water
06
07
                    If any of the drainage for this projects
80
        fails, the pollutants could end up in Larto Bayou,
        Larto Lake, Red River or the Atchafal aya Basin, all
the way to the Gulf. Within the boundaries of this
proposed landfill site are many known Native
American archaeological sites. Many are documented
09
10
11
12
        and there have been several burial sites excavated
13
        very near the project. Bill Baker who worked for
14
15
        many years for Louisiana Delta recorded and charted
        many of these sites for the previous owners who chose to protect them. Until three years ago, the
16
17
        burial sites excavations were the oldest known
18
        inhabitants of Louisiana, about thirty-five hundred years old. According to the landfill application, there will be a lot of dirt moved in and around
19
20
21
22
        these excavations which could effectively destroy
23
        or cover these Native American sites before they
24
        have a chance to be documented or studied. Another
25
        thing we're worried about is the spread of the
Page 39
01
        Formosan termites from New Orleans to our area.
02
        am familiar with barge operations and barge
        fumigations and no matter what they say, the so
03
        called experts, you don't kill everything every
04
        time you fumigate. Once you get them here, who is going to pay the damage? The landfill project will close in 2012 according to the plan, so we're only
05
06
07
        looking at it being here six years. It would be monitored for three more years. If the LDEQ agrees, it will be abandoned by the present owners.
80
09
10
11
        Who do you suppose is going to be pay, be
        responsible for cleaning up this mess then? Two
12
        Rivers will be long gone and you and I will be here
13
14
        to deal with it. Our risks associated with this
        project in a overflow area are just too great and
15
        too important for us. I urge you to vote with your heart and tell Doug Clark and Two Rivers to find another area to build their landfill. Thank you.
16
17
18
        [BY MR. SMITH:]
19
20
              Thank you.
              BY MR. EDWARDS: You're
21
22
                     Can I enter that
        welcome.
23
        pl ease?
24
        [BY MR. SMITH:]
25
              We'll accept this in the record as "Exhibit
       Page 40
        4." Thank you. We're going to take a pause for
01
02
        about thirty seconds while we change a tape in the
03
        back.
        OFF RECORD
04
        [BY MR. SMITH:]
It's now 7:04 p.m. and we just changed a tape and we're going to continue now with the speakers who work within a two mile radius of the facility.
05
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07
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        Our next speaker registered is Mr. Billy Laprairie.
BY MEMBER OF AUDIENCE:
09
10
11
        LaPrai ri e.
12
        [BY MR. SMITH:]
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Laprairie. I apologize for the names.

[BY MR. BILLY LAPRAIRIE.]

Not a problem. I'm Billy Laprairie. I live at 155 Noble Wiley Road, Larto Lake. I'm a construction worker. I want to congratulate these gentlemen on an excellent presentation. I've built several hazardous landfills. I worked with Mr. Bryant for a while on Louisiana Delta. familiar with the man and his credibility is unbelievable, you know, I mean he's a man of his The only problem I have with the presentation, they did an excellent job in showing you everything when it was covered up and what

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wasn't going to get into it, but nobody said anything about the time that it's going to be an They can't raise that clay open, exposed pit. layer up to put materials in it and let it back down when they're through. It's going to be an open pit until they cover it at the top. A three hundred acre area. This is a ball park figure. Probable side effects, my concerns, contamination of our waterways, depreciation of our land value. No one wants to live near a landfill. I know we A gathering place for all forms of wildlife, raccoons, skunks, coyotes, which can probably increase the possibility of such diseases as distemper, parvo, rabies. That's a scientific fact. Crows, buzzards, all forms of birds, possible breeding ground for West Nile virus or even the Bird Flu is a possibility. Slim, yes, no, that's not supposed to be a problem, but who is to say that what will remain that way. Maybe one day someone will decide that it's probable to haul all of Catahoula Parish's trash to this area, maybe even make a deal with other parishes for their trash. After all, we have three thousand acres down here to store it in. The paper mill in Pineville, the paper mill in Natchez, pogey plant

Page 42

in Mobile, Alabama, who wants to live within four or five miles of that smell, much less one or two Who wants their children sitting in their classrooms at school with a southwest breeze blowing across a three hundred acre landfill only three miles away, excuse me, a mile and a half away as the crow flies or as viruses and diseases fly, you know, whichever. Also, who is going to pay for these possible sicknesses, the Catahoula Parish Police Jury or the landfill company? I don't think The residents of Larto Lake area is who is going to pay for it. Northern Catahoula Parish doesn't have that concern right now, but who is to say that Parhams Bend area or between Jonesville and Harrisonburg are not next. They're river navigable lands also. They can also be set up for a landfill. Last but not least, I am the spokes person for the Muddy Bayou Choctaw Band and as a spokesman for my chief, our concerns are Native

American burial sites. How many and where, no one knows. Everyone speaks of two mounds, but I know of at least three. One is the old Fred LaPrairie home site on Red River within three-quarters of a mile of the center of this landfill. I can take anyone there anytime and show them the mound. It's

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Also are several artifact sites around the Big Hole area. These areas being the very center of the proposed landfill site. With the village sites there, there must be burial grounds. The landfill representative says that no burial sites will be desecrated. He sent a letter to the Native American people saying and guaranteeing this, but doesn't he know that the Native American people have received letters from railroad companies, congressmen and even presidents of the United Our history itself proves just how truthful those letters have been. All of these reasons are very serious concerns for us, the residents of southern Catahoula Parish. As spokes person for the chairman, our chief of Muddy Bayou Choctaw Tribe whose members live in LaSalle, Rapides and Catahoula Parish, we do now verbally request that the National Archaeological Society be brought in to explore all areas of proposed landfill sites before any work is done. Thank you. [BY MR. SMITH:] Thank you. We're going to accept this handwritten exhibit as "Number 5." Thank you. Ou next speaker is Mr. Gary Matlock. Did I get that

Page 44

one right?

[BY MR. GARY MATLOCK:]

You got that one right. I'm Gary Matlock, 2835 Highway 3102, Larto, Louisiana. I haven't lived here very long, but it is my homesteaded property. I've listened to all these folks. I've heard a lot of talk go around. I've been drilling oil wells for forty years. This clay that they're talking about, when you put all the weight that they're proposing to put on this clay, that water is going through it. Why do you think they make us case wells when we drill an oil well? To keep it from getting in the water. We've got otters, we've got bald eagles, we've got a lot of Native American people here. I'm married to one. I oppose this landfill and we will not stop fighting it.

BY MEMBER OF AUDIENCE: Amen.

17 [BY MR. SMITH:]

Next is Mr. Bill Burns.

[BY MR. BILL BURNS:]

My name is Bill Burns. I live at 2987 Highway 3102, Larto, or as it says in the zip code, now Jonesville, Louisiana. I researched this area very much as a wildlife biologist and as an avid sportsman before building my home here. Mr. Clark, at first I was open minded and neutral about this

Page 45

01 Two Rivers project, but now I can say I'm against 02 There are economic gains for some in this Two Rivers project, but to me, the bad outweighs the good. To the best of my knowledge as a wildlife 03 04 05 biologist, the Larto-Saline complex is the number one fresh water fisheries in the State of Louisiana 06 07 and I in no way or fashion want to see any harm 80 come to this system. Larto Lake is famous and well 09 known for its abundance of large white perch, also it's good bass fishing, cat fishing, commercial fishing, etcetera, and it also contains also the 10 11 Saline complex where they run together. The site of the proposed Two Rivers system is upstream from 12 13 Larto Bayou, okay, and at certain times in the year we have a reverse flow on Larto Bayou and many 14 15 16 times the Red River water would back up into Larto 17 Bayou and also Larto Bayou then would back up into Larto Lake. Discharge into the Red River, Larto 18 19 Bayou or Cowpen Slough could back flow into Larto Lake, possibly containing contaminants. I agree that I say possibly. Does DEQ want to be partially responsible for any reverse flow contamination? 20 21 22 Something for DEQ to think about. I'm also 23 concerned of possible air and underground water 24 25 contamination of thousands of acres, both private

Page 46

and public, state and federal lands and waterways 01 including wildlife management areas and fish and wildlife refuges downstream. The Larto-Saline 02 03 04 Complex also is a home for the bald eagle, American alligator, black bear and contains numerous rookery 05 colonies of wading birds. 06 I was told also that 07 there may be materials brought in and out of this 80 project site by truck and barge and if we're going 09 to have truck traffic in our small community, this 10 could be a problem. I think our narrow road system which contains approximately twenty feet of hard surface blacktop roads could not safely handle this 11 12 commercial traffic and jeopardize highway safety in 13 14 our small, rural community. I still do not know exactly what and where from the materials coming to 15 16 this site. I also understand that possible 17 contaminants and a Formosan termite could be 18 brought into the site. I also have a copy here from DEQ from Mr. -- going to Mr. Clark from Mr. Chuck Carr Brown and in his letter it says 19 20 21 currently there are adequate numbers of debris 22 management sites within the hurricane affected 23 areas to handle the waste. Therefore, at this time, no sites outside of the effected areas will 24 25 be evaluated to operate on an emergency basis.

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Additionally, the Formosan termite quarantine prohibits removal and transport of material from infested parishes. Thank you very much.
[BY MR. SMITH:]
Do you want to...

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06
            BY MR. BURNS:
                              I really need to
07
       re-do it and give you a copy.
80
       [BY MR. SMITH:]
09
       Again, I'll remind everyone that you can also mail in your comments to the address that we have
10
       and you can ask our public participation folks for that address before you leave. All right. Our
11
12
       next speaker, Mr. James A. Goode, Art Ğoode.
13
14
       Goode.
            BY MEMBER OF AUDIENCE:
15
                                        He's
16
       gone.
       [BY MR. SMITH:]
17
                         All right.
18
            He's gone.
                                        He says on his sheet
19
       that he supports the proposed permit and he lives
       in the parish.
BY MR. DANNY WILEY: What was
20
21
       his name please?
22
       [BY MR. SMITH:]
23
24
            James A. Goode, G-0-0-D-E.
25
            BY MR. DANNY WILEY: What
Page 48
01
       address?
02
       [BY MR. SMITH:]
            P. O. Box 187, Sicily Island, Louisiana 71368.
BY MEMBER OF AUDIENCE: He's
03
04
05
       the mayor of Sicily Island.
            BY MEMBER OF AUDIENCE:
06
                                        The
       mayor of Sicily Island. He's got a bad back and that's why he...
[BY MR. SMITH:]
07
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09
10
           Mayor of Sicily Island. Our next speaker, Ms.
11
       Lacey Foster
       [BY MS. LACEY FOSTER:]
12
13
            My name is Lacey Foster.
                                           I live at 403 Willow
14
       Street, Jonesville, Louisiana 71343.
                                                   I support the
15
       proposed landfill.
                             I think that it will bring jobs
       to our parish and it will be an economic benefit to
16
       the parish also.
[BY MR. SMITH:]
All right.
17
                            Thank you.
18
19
                          Thank you. Our next speaker,
20
       Alice Smart
       [BY MS. ALICE SMART:]
I'm Alice Smart, 717 Bushley Street,
21
22
23
       Harrisonburg, Louisiana. I took these off and I
24
       can't see without them.
                                     I oppose this landfill.
25
       There's a lot of people in Harrisonburg that does.
      Page 49
01
       These meetings are held in such small rooms that
02
       they can not come and voice their opinions.
03
       feel cheated.
                        The victims -- when the victims of
       Katrina tried to move into Catahoula Parish, we
04
05
       voted them out. What makes anybody think we want
       their trash? Thank you.

[BY MR. SMITH:]

Thank you. Okay. I think we have made our way to those -- we've gotten through everyone who
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       lives within the parish, everyone who lives within
       a two mile radius of the facility and everyone who
11
12
       works within two miles of the facility.
                                                        Our next
                                              Page 22
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list of speakers, Wilma Subra.

[BY MS. WILMA SUBRA:]

A little change of pace here. My name is Wilma Subra. I'm from New Iberia, Louisiana, and I didn't get lost on the way up here. I work with the communities all over Louisiana and I know all the back roads. On behalf of Louisiana Environmental Action Network, the following comments are submitted in opposition to the permitting of the Two Rivers construction and demolition debris landfill. The basis for opposition to and denial of the permit are detailed as follows. There were flaws in the DEQ process

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during the permit application review process for the Two Rivers Recycling facility. And you kept 03 saying over and over again the technically complete permit application and I don't feel it was 04 technically complete when we moved forward into the comment period. On June the 28th, the DEQ, Department of Environmental Quality, issued a letter to Douglas Clark of Two Rivers. The letter 80 was a notice of deficiencies related to the permit 10 application and it requested a response within fourteen days. The notice of deficiencies specified that the permit application was deficient and not in compliance with the regulations. The deficiencies required more detailed plans on how non-conforming waste would be handled. On the same On the same date, June 28th, 2006, the environmental science manager of the waste services section of DEQ issued a letter to Douglas Clark of Two Rivers Recycling. This letter requested six final copies of the complete permit application. The DEQ indicated in the letter that it was ready to do a final review of the application in order to insure that the document was acceptable for public review. So how can a document be complete when the agency is issuing a notice of deficiency on the same day?

Page 51

What process within the DEQ allowed the two conflicting processes, a deficiency and yet complete application to occur on the same day? July 18th a response was submitted by Mr. Boutwell who I think has moved to the back of the room. This response was incomplete, did not respond to all the information requested and yet the DEQ judged the response from Mr. Boutwell as complete. The response failed to list the facilities to which each of the non-conforming waste is to be Based on this information, the transported. response to the notice of deficiencies was incomplete. It was later than the deadline DEQ established and it should have served as the basis for DEQ to deny the permit because as they said, if it didn't meet the deadline, they could deny the permit. We also have a lack of documents for a technical complete in this determination. almost out of time?

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August 22 2006 Public Hearing.txt
20
        [BY MR. SMITH:]
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              Twel ve seconds.
        BY MS. SUBRA: Okay. I'll oback and do that one at the end. Okay. I'll do it at the end.
22
23
                                          I'll come
24
25
        Thanks.
Page 52
        [BY MR. SMITH:]
01
        All right. Thank you. The next speaker is
Clint Subra. He waives. Next speaker, Rick Bryan.
BY MR. RICK BRYAN: My
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03
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        presentation is three typewritten pages. It will take more than three
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06
07
        minutes. It will take between ten
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        and fifteen. I'm willing to defer
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        my comments until everybody who
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        speaks for three minutes is through.
        [BY MR. SMITH:]
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             Why don't you get started?
BY MR. RICK BRYAN: No. I
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13
                                        I'd rather
        would rather do this.
14
        complete my presentation when I have
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16
        the.
        [BY MR. SMITH:]
17
             Mr. Bryan wai ves.
18
                                        Christine Norris, Tribal
        Chief, Jena Choctaw.
[BY MS. NORRIS:]
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20
        Good evening. Can you hear me? My name is Christine Norris. I am Tribal Chief of the Jena
              Good evening.
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23
        Band of Choctaw Indians.
                                            Our address is Post
        Office Box 14, Jena, Louisiana. We reside in LaSalle Parish. I would like to thank DEQ for
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Page 53
01
        facilitating this meeting tonight so that citizens
        do have a chance, an opportunity to make comments
02
        concerning this proposed landfill. I want to first start by saying that the Jena Band of Choctaw is not opposed and fully supports economic development for the betterment of our communities. However,
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        the Jena Band of Choctaw Indians is opposed to any
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        development that does not fully protect our
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        cultural and natural resources. It is a commonly
        known and scientifically proven fact that lands
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11
        near Larto Lake is an area rich in Native American
        culture. I think everyone that lives around here
12
13
        in this community knows that. In fact, not one,
        but several American Indian cultural sites have
14
        been documented in the proposed landfill area.
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        Additionally, investigations by LSU in the 1980s
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        identified the location of numerous graves and
        tribal remains near the project site, and Dr.
18
        Romanowsky who was working for LSU at that time in
19
        the 1980s stated that it was virtually impossible to walk on plowed fields without stepping on Indian pottery, ceramics or stone flakes. It is important to note that some of the graves and remains were found at depths of eight to nine feet. We believe
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        that this area contains some of the most
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       significant Indian cultural sites in this country.
02
       The Jena Band of Choctaw Indians is requiring that
       full provisions of Section 106 of the National
Historic Preservation Act be applied to this
03
04
05
       project. We specifically require that a Phase I
       archaeological survey with shovel testing no
06
07
       greater than thirty meter intervals be conducted.
80
       Also because of the graves that have been detected
09
       at depths exceeding eight feet, we are requiring a
10
       ground penetrating radar survey to be conducted.
      After these surveys are completed, we will be willing to consult with the project managers on preservation and possible mitigation of these
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       tribal sites. Again, I'd like to thank you for the
15
       opportunity to be here and to voice my comments.
       Thank you.
16
       [BY MR. SMITH:]
17
18
           Did you want to enter your comments into the
19
       record?
20
           BY MS. CHRISTINE NORRIS:
       I've already sent a letter in.
21
       [BY MR. SMITH:]
22
           All right.
                         We've reached the end of the
23
       registered speakers. Is there anyone else who
24
25
      would like to speak?
     Page 55
01
           BY MR. RAY BORDELON: I turned
       in a yellow sheet and I didn't hear
02
03
       my name called up here.
       [BY MR. SMITH:]
04
           What's your name, sir?
BY MR. RAY BORDELON: Ray
05
06
07
       Bordelon, Avoyelles Parish.
       [BY MR. SMITH:]
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09
           You can come on up. I don't doubt you.
                                                            They
10
      just_didn't.
           BY MR. RAY BORDELON: They done
11
       knocked me down already.
12
13
       [BY MR. SMITH:]
14
           Did anyone else sign a yellow sheet that
15
       hasn't had their name called? You may go, sir.
       [BY MR. RAY BORDELON:]
16
      I'm Ray Bordelon, president of Avoyelles
Wildlife Federation. My address is 1462 Highway
1187, Manushila, Louisiana. And like the lady just
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19
       talked a while ago, I think you used that term technically complete twenty-six different times in
20
21
22
       your presentation tonight and I wondered about
23
       that, exactly why it was so adamant about
24
       technically complete and I mean you made it clear
25
       every time you mentioned it and it throws a lot of
Page 56
01
       concerns, how technically complete are we, you
02
       know, given all the pros and cons we hear of
03
       tonight. We talked about a demolition site.
       is the first time I've heard this and it was in
04
05
       your presentation.
                              What do we have to demolish to
                                             Page 25
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August 22 2006 Public Hearing.txt 06 do a landfill? A wood waste landfill was what the 07 permit was applied for. Wood waste landfill. are we going to demolish there? It's very 80 concerning, you know. You also talked about we had the need for another landfill for the Katrina debris. It has been stated by Secretary McDaniels 09 10 11 that we do not need another landfill. DEQ 12 secretary, that we had ample landfills in New 13 A federal judge just closed one this last 14 15 week in New Orleans East due to contamination. Closed the landfill and they're contaminating with 16 their own materials. Very, very concerning. We talked about the protection and how good this thing 17 18 is going to be. Apparently you haven't been around Louisiana and seen the seventeen and twenty-one 19 20 21 inch rains we get around here and how are we going 22 to take care of this water and test it and what 23 have you. We talk about the testing DEQ is going 24 to do on this water. Folks, I'm from Avoyelles 25 Parish. We've got organizations in Avoyelles

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Parish that have never been in compliance at DEQ testing and are still operating today, so how much faith do we have in DEQ and how are they going to test and control this over here. Very, very concerning, folks. And this is -- I guess you know that I'm against this, but I just wanted just for the record.

BY MEMBER OF AUDIENCE: I'm glad you clarified that. [BY MR. RAY BORDELON:]

We talked about how this unloading and how we're going to protect the community and what have you. Apparently you have never seen a barge unloading area. Folks, it is impossible on controlled materials to unload it. They have to dredge the areas out to get barges in and now we're going to do it with buckets and try to -- with wood waste materials. Folks, it's contamination number one, that's all it's going to be. Our river, our water stream. They talked about the smell, you know, how they're going to control that. It won't be no smell. Apparently ya'll haven't visited New Orleans in the last several months. I mean my God, you can't drive through there. You know, all these thi ngs. The Formosan termite. I lived in New

Page 58

Orleans for twenty some odd years and I fought the They eat my home up, you know. eat through concrete and we're going to kill those We've fought the northern migration of Formosan termites for over forty years now and we're going to barge them up here. I don't think so. You know, I just don't understand how DEQ could even consider this thing here. I know it's political. I know what it means as far as the . windfall for Catahoula Parish Police Jury folks, but let me tell you, we've heard a lot of good people talk here tonight and I would not want to be

August 22 2006 Public Hearing.txt 13 in the political shoes of some of these people that 14 vote for this thing because I can tell you one 15 thing I do know, there is no way that DEQ or anybody else can control this thing, especially in 16 the sump area that it's being built in. And I thank you, folks, and I'll have my comments again in Avoyelles Parish on Thursday night. Thank you. 17 18 19 [BY MR. SMITH:] 20 21 All right. At this time I want to call the 22 speakers who feel like they'd like to add to their comments. I'm going to try and go in pretty much the same order that they went originally in. I 23 24 25 don't remember exactly who was first, but I want to Page 59 01 say the gentleman standing back there with the 02 flowered hat may be the first one that got cut off. 03 BY MEMBER OF AUDIENCE: Just 04 say Panama Jack. [BY MR. SMITH:]

And we'll just try to do this as orderly as 05 06 07 Everyone that needs to continue their possi bl e. comments is going to get an opportunity and I'm not going to cut you off this time, okay... 80 09 BY MR. DANNY WILEY: Thank you. 10 11 [BY MR. SMITH:] 12 ...unless it gets too far afield. I'm going to throw that little ground rule in there. Just 13 repeat your name and your address for the record.
[BY MR. OTIS O. WILEY, JR.:]
For the record, my name is Otis O. Wiley, Jr.,
3119 Highway 3102, Jonesville, Louisiana 71343. 14 15 16 17 During the comment period when I was addressing the 18 audience, I made the statement that there were 19 20 consultants aboard. There were Ducks Unlimited 21 people aboard. Now you are beginning to get a feeling of what is for. It is a beautiful 22 23 coalition. There are people who have never --24 organizations that have never worked before coming 25 together. Where can you gather now, my people? Page 60 And I'm going to tell you this, it ain't Larto Lake no more. This is state wide. This project will be a political football in the governor's race. It 01 02 03 will be a political issue on every legislator's race in the state of Louisiana. The natural, or I should say this, the environmental groups, your hunting, your fishing organizations, even your solid waste people will be fighting for 04 05 06 07 80 09 legislation, so we will never, ever have to worry 10 about another facility coming into a very poor 11 economically unstable area and just walk away after 12 nine years and say hey, people, it's signed off. Now, police jurors, after nine years, you got environmental problems, you pay for it. No, the people of Catahoula Parish pay for it. Money, 13 14 15 health, recreation. The people of the State of Louisiana will pay for it. This is an issue that 16 17 is way beyond Catahoula Parish now. The jobs they 18

are going to bring, great, for nine years. What

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         are you going to do after that, people? You've got a three hundred and fifty-five foot monstrosity.
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        Think about that. Where's the jobs going? Whoops! Where did the money go? I don't know, the police jury should be able to tell us. Do you believe that the Catahoula Parish Police Jury, you know,
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         with forty millions is going to save anything for a
         rainy day? That's the reason we're all from
02
         Catahoula Parish. Everybody knows it. Very few
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         people will say it, you know. Well, what are you going to do? How are you going to rectify this situation after nine years if there is an environmental problem? Where are you going to get
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         the money to come in and do all this work? At this
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         present time, I will once again just like I did in
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         the newspaper, yes, I have a political agenda.
         political agenda is to bring Governor Blanco and
11
12
         every legislator in the State of Louisiana on board
        against the issue of a permit for Catahoula Parish. It will be done, people. It may take us a while. We may have to keep this thing tied up in court for years, but in the meantime, we've got strong people
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         right here and they're not going to run because I'll tell you something, I'll let you in on a
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         little surprise. All these people of Avoyelles Parish, Rapides, LaSalle, Catahoula, Concordia, we are all settled by people who were raised to spit in the devil's eye, the majority of us. We don't
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         believe in bending at our knee and holding up our
         hand and give me my forty pieces of silver. No way. If it's right and we believe in it, you're
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Page 62
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         going to have to kill us because we're not going to
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                   We're going to fight it. We're going to
         fight it. And, you know what, it's people like that all over the state of Louisiana. They beloo environmental groups. They belong to Ducks
03
04
                                                                    They belong
05
         Unlimited. They belong to fishing organizations.
06
07
         They are average people who work hard and you know
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         what, they want a future for their children and
09
         their unborn children. They want them to be able
         to enjoy what they grew up enjoying, and that people, is the way I'm going to end this
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11
12
         conversation.
         [BY MR. SMITH:]
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14
               Thank you.
                                All right. Ya'll are going to
         have to help me with who was next? Was it one of
15
         you fellows on the side there?
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               BY MEMBER OF AUDIENCE:
         Wiley.
18
               BY MR. DANNY WILEY: Big mouth
19
20
         here.
         [BY MR. SMITH:]
21
22
               Come right on up.
               BY MR. DANNY WILEY: Well, you
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         know, I just, I love to talk anyway
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         and we...
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[BY MR. SMITH:] Give us your name and address again. BY MR. DANNY WILEY: Oh, again? [BY MR. SMITH:] Yes, sir. Thank [BY MR. DANNY WILEY:] Thank_you. Danny Wiley, 1929 Highway 3102, Larto Lake, Louisiana 71343. And we're back to it again. just have a few things that I wanted to mention, and I can see where there is some folks that wasn't from here in the Larto Lake area would like to see it. There's some that was a manager for Louisiana Delta Farms when this Two Rivers bought the property from them that was for it. They may stay here, may not, who knows. We got to stay here. It's our home. Like I said before now, my mother was half Choctaw Indian and I've got a sister setting over there. She's a prime example of it. But there was some graves according -- I was working and oiling on the dragline for Louisiana Delta Farms when they first dug into the grave sites and they shut it down and the archaeologists come and then they started. I was down there whenever they was with their little brushes and little shove s and everything else and uncovered

Page 64

them and it was as high as three bodies stacked on top of each other. I don't know what caused that or why they did it that way, I don't know, but I do know that last year whenever they built up that levee over there, they covered the graves of those people deeper under the ground and disturbed the resting place and nobody deserves that. Nobody deserves anything like that. And, you know, as far as the contaminations go, I worked in a refinery about thirteen years and we had all kinds of chemicals and stuff like that and we was under strict, strict rules, but yet, you know, every once in a while something happened in an emergency and this refinery, when it come off the pond and was tested and everything, it ran into a lake called Wallace Lake and over the years, it killed everything in that lake but turtles. Now, DEQ stays close on it and they do the best they can, but sometimes things happen that they just can't control and they might not be able to fix. But this is a dangerous situation we're playing with here and I'm just another one of them Wileys that they were talking about, but there's about four generations of us Wileys on Larto Lake and there's grave sites on Larto Lake and mounds on Larto Lake.

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But, you know, that is important, but it's not as important as the lives of people that live today, you know. You don't take a chance on people's lives and that would be just exactly what would be taking place if the landfill was to pass in the Page 29

August 22 2006 Public Hearing.txt 06 Now, like I said, I know that, I'll go back on my police jury, and I haven't said enough about that situation. I know they need money. I've 07 80 09 never seen a police jury who didn't need the money, but, you know, there is a way to spend money. And we're talking about rebuilding the courthouse, you know, and all that kind of stuff and they're really 10 11 12 looking forward to it, but we're not looking 13 forward to it at the expense of costing us our 14 15 lives or sickness and when we get back there again, on the police jury, I don't think that the police jury was really well informed whenever they passed this resolution. I think if they'd have had all the materials then and then if they would have put it out in a public way like that be sign right out 16 17 18 19 20 21 there on that door, public hearing, at public places, I think they would have never passed it because the police jury room wouldn't have held the 22 23 24 people that would have come and opposed it, but it 25 slipped in in a little bitty piece of black ink in П Page 66 01 the Jonesville Booster and nobody said nothing. 02 They were quiet mouthed until it was already done. 03 I feel like that our rights have been violated by 04 the police jury by not informing the public and 05 especially our police juror in District 9. voted -- we voted him in and he's to represent us, 06 but he didn't do it, and like I said, we're real unhappy about that. But all I can say is again, 07 80 that we are definitely against it and we're going to fight it until there's not a life left in our 09 10 bodies. I appreciate ya'll's time and thank you a 11 12 lot. [BY MR. SMITH:] 13 14 Thank you. Ms. Subra, did you want to continue your. 15 16 BY MS. SUBRA: Does he want to go first and then I'll continue? 17 [BY MR. SMITH:] 18 19 Give us your name and address for the Sure. 20 record. 21 [BY MR. RICK BRYAN:] 22 I'm Rick Bryan from Pineville, Louisiana, 23 today representing the Louisiana Alderman Council 24 which is composed of representatives from alderman 25 chapters throughout the state. The Water Resources Page 67 01 Committee of the Louisiana Wildlife Federation, the 02 Rapides Wildlife Association and Hunters for 03 Hardwoods, both affiliates of the Wildlife 04 Federation. I've also served on the governor's advisory board -- advisory panel for coastal forest conservation and use which has provided me a good 05 06 07 overview of the coast and its problems since the hurricanes. First let me say I have empathy with 80 the Catahoula Parish Police Jury. Governments everywhere are strapped for funds. You are not alone. At the same time, I feel a oneness with 09 10

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Page 30

this parish and its people from the steep Sicily

August 22 2006 Public Hearing.txt Island hills to the rich crop lands, overflow lakes and bottomland hardwoods in the Larto area. The Alderman Council has a longstanding policy of opposing landfills in flood planes. In no place is this more appropriate than here in this unique and scarce overflow ecosystem. This wetland system that includes two National Wildlife Refuges, four Wildlife Management Areas, a wonderful fishing complex extending from Larto Lake to Saline Bayou, a Louisiana scenic river stream to Shad Lake and down to Larto. A system that includes Catahoula Lake, one of the ten most important wetlands in North America and a migratory bird habitat of

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international importance. A system that includes the endangered pallid sturgeon and three threatened species. Are we going to jeopardize this for a landfill in a flood plane? Despite the assurances, we have every reason to fear that lead from old pipes and fixtures, lead from the paint on old house boards, asbestos, mercury and other heavy metals will turn up in the refuse stored in this landfill, that the bank of the Red River will cave in under strong currents or that the rainwater inside the levee around the cells will overflow or need to be pumped out and contaminate the groundwater or surface water including the Red River and Larto Lake. The question is not really is this a safe place, but is this the best site. Is it safer than a landfill that is not in a flood plane? Should DEQ persist in this matter? Let me point out that by virtue of a trusted and established and reaffirmed on numerous occasions of the Louisiana Supreme Court, Article 9, Section 1, of the Revised State Constitution requires before a project is approved, other sites, other projects and additional mitigation must be fully considered consistent with the health, safety and welfare of the public. Isn't this what we're really talking

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about, the health, safety and welfare of the people of Catahoula Parish and other places? Other sites considered must include one outside the flood plane and one that is not in a biological diverse critically important wildlife habitat and overflow system second in size only to the Atchafalaya Basin, a site that will jeopardize the health and livelihood of those who live and work here, one that is closer to the material source and thus more energy efficient to operate. As Dr. Brown pointed out in his letter to Mr. Douglas, there are adequate numbers of debris management sites within the hurricane affected areas. Other projects could not ude honoring the original settlers by creating Other projects could a historic site and when funds become available, an interpretative center. The culture of Native Americans who lived here more than a thousand years before Christ walked this earth is fascinating to many and it might contribute to the economy long

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20 after the landfill money is gone. If this landfill
21 is approved, what will prevent those who were
22 banned from building landfills in North Carolina
23 from going all over this State promoting landfills
24 in other unsafe places? And why were landfills
25 banned in North Carolina? What do they know in

Page 70

01 North Carolina that we don't know? To be legal under the state constitution, DEQ has two choices, 02 03 either answer all the questions, consider all the possibilities, all the alternatives, consult with US Fish and Wildlife on the listed species, 04 05 Wildlife and Fisheries on the scenic river and the 06 Department of Culture, Recreation and Tourism on 07 80 historic sites, and present this to the public for 09 comment in a comprehensive environmental 10 I got my first chance to look at the EA that DEQ had prepared about five p.m. and it 11 raises more questions to me than it answers. 12 13 EA states there are no threatened endangered or rare species within the project area. I know that the Federal Fish Hatchery in Natchitoches I know for a 14 15 16 raised several thousand endangered pallid sturgeon at public expense and released them at the Old 17 18 River control structure. So you guarantee me that none of these have gone up the Red River? Bald 19 Eagles regularly come to Catahoula Lake. They I been seen on the Red River south of the project 20 They have 21 site. Are you going to guarantee Bald Eagles won't feed in toxic waters? The retaining wall around the first cell will be twenty feet high and will 22 23 24 require lights. Will these lights repel or attract 25

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birds? I suppose this is the only barge site between here and the coast that's suitable. And you're going to go through every barge piece by piece and take out the tires and methyl mercury in the boards. You know, I'm delighted to know that methyl mercury and lead aren't toxic and that the backwater will stop at one thousand feet from the landfill. It is apparent to me that Mr. Clark and DEQ really don't comprehend the function of a backwater ecosystem. Since other better sites are available and this one is so fraught with adverse possibilities, DEQ can do the right thing today simply by denying this permit one more time. We conclude the comments on the public record for this permit application. Thank you for the opportunity to comment on this great area and for your consi derati on. [BY MR. SMITH:] Thank you. Ms. Subra. [BY MS. SUBRA:] Once again my name is Wilma Subra.

Once again my name is Wilma Subra. I'm from New Iberia, Louisiana. Where I stopped before was on the lack of documentation for a technical completeness determination. On July the 31st of 2006, DEQ issued the notice of technical

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completeness to Two Rivers. The letter referred 02 the final copies of the permit application that was submitted from Two Rivers. The July 18th submittal to DEQ was not the copies of the permit application. The July 18th submittal was the response, inadequate that they were, to the notice 06 of deficiency and did not include the final copies of the permit application. This response to the notice of deficiency is only the document in the document record. The ones of the final permit are not in the document record and I will submit a copy of the document record for the file. In the second sentence of the DEQ's July 31st letter, DEQ stated, (quote), "After review of the submittal of July 18th, it has been determined that your Two Rivers permit application and subsequent information are technically complete." But remember, July 18th was not the submittal of the permit application and now it's ready for review. DEQ, one, failed to adequately review the response to the notice of deficiency and determine that it was inadequate and didn't specify the things they asked; two, DEQ determined that the permit application was technically complete when the latest information requested by DEQ was lacking in completeness, and

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three, DEQ determined that the permit application and previously accepted revisions and appropriate sections was technically complete and was accepted for public review when no document was submitted to the file and to DEQ. The DEQ file on Two Rivers lacks the correspondence from and copies of the, (quote), "final copies" submitted by Two Rivers for the final review by DEQ to insure that the document was ready for public review. The submittal of the permit applications were dated April 26, 2006 and August 2nd, 2006 and we're going to talk about the August 2nd one in just a minute. Thus according to the DEQ file record, there was no submittal of the permit application following the June 28th, 2006 date of request for complete application and the issuance of the notice of deficiency. Now, the public notice, and you showed us the public notice on August the 2nd, it was actually published in the paper. That meant it had to be brought to those newspapers you had on the slide prior to the final being accepted by DEQ. The documents when the public notice came out in the morning paper were not in the DEQ files. DEQ issued the notice of completeness on the 31st of July and two days later in the morning the notice came out in the papers,

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01 The Advocate and one of the other papers. second paper was on the 3rd. So when you look in 02 the documents in the record, it's not there. 03 didn't arrive at DEQ until after everyone had 04 05 already read their morning paper. It's Page 33

August 22 2006 Public Hearing.txt 06 inappropriate to make arrangements to have a notice published and have the newspapers publish it when 07 the document is not available in the files and that 80 09 means DEQ didn't even do that one final look. These flaws in the permitting process should be used as the basis for denying Two Rivers' permit. Now, let's talk about the environmental assessment that you put up there as the, (quote), "second part of the document submitted." The alternative sites, 10 11 12 13 14 which is what you alluded to, evaluation process was performed after the permit application was 15 16 submitted to DEQ and thus must result in DEQ 17 denying the permit for the Two Rivers facility.
First we had an IT Legal and I'm assuming that you are in the legal division of DEQ. So the permit 18 19 20 application for the Two Rivers site was submitted 21 initially to DEQ on January the 20th of 2006. 22 January the 20th. On February the 16th, the Two Rivers Recycling environmental assessment state 23 24 25 portion, the EA was sent by Joyce Stroud, the П

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01 router with the DEQ Legal Affairs Section, to Meredith, the attorney for the DEQ's Legal Affairs 02 Section, and attached was this legal log. The type 03 of review that was requested of Měreditň was IT, 04 05 which is the save ourselves supreme court decision 06 that you must look at alternative sites and locations, and the date due on the routing that went to Meredith was March 3rd, '06. Meredith 07 80 signed off on the document on the legal log page on March 3rd, '06. She made her deadline with a note under the comments section of the legal log. 09 10 11 Meredith's comments were not acceptable, need 12 13 revisions and supplements. It was a twelve page 14 document. It's now I think sixteen pages. 15 twelve page environmental assessment attached to 16 the legal log had handwritten comments on eleven of the twelve pages in the same handwriting as Meredith's comments on the log page. The 17 18 handwritten notes included questions from Meredith, 19 20 suggestive wording, instructions to re-write, 21 statements such as this paragraph does not make a 22 whole lot of sense and not clear notes in a number 23 of locations. Under Section C, the possible alternative project section, Meredith wrote what 24 25 are the alternatives, why was each rejected. Under

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the section to consider alternative sites, Meredith filled in the whole white space on the page with The following are some of her notes handwritten on the alternative sites. What other sites were considered? Why each rejected? If no other considered, clearly explain. If no other sites are identified, then perhaps Two Rivers should state a traditional alternative site's If no other analysis was not appropriate for the proposed facility because the main focus of the facility involved transporting by barge. The text submitted by Two Rivers for this section, this initial text

13 stated that the facility location was selected because it met all of the site criteria and then 14 there was this, (quote), "Two Rivers evaluated the entire thirty thousand plus farm," and you've heard them over and over tonight talk about the farm. That's what they evaluated. It's clear that Two 15 16 17 18 19 Rivers did not perform an alternative site 20 evaluation process prior to submitting the permit 21 application. This lack of alternative site 22 evaluation should be used as the basis on which to 23 deny the permit. So then there was another 24 application pages submitted and then Joyce once 25 again on May 18th sent to Meredith a revised Two

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Rivers environmental assessment with the due date The comments section on the legal log of June 6th. contained the handwritten comments, the permit writer should review this IT response carefully The environmental assessment contained handwritten notes such as not clear, explain better. But this is the crucial part. The revised text contain many of the suggestions handwritten by Meredith on the original environmental assessment submittal. Herein lies a real problem. The first IT legal log had a due date of March 3rd. The legal log and attached environmental assessment had handwritten notes by Meredith consisting of thirteen pages and was signed off by Meredith on March the 3rd. On March the 29th, the DEQ water and waste permit division issued a notice of deficiency permit application technical review number one. permit review comments which listed the deficiencies did not list or refer to any of the issues from the environmental assessment section of the permit application. The notice of deficiency was four pages in length, so it could not possibly have contained the thirteen pages of legal affairs review comments. The second notice of deficiencies was issued on June the 28th, well after the May to

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June 2006 review period by legal affairs. Therefore, Two Rivers made corrections to the environmental assessment based on comments from Meredith which were handwritten on the environmental assessment. However, the record does not reflect where Meredith, the Legal Affairs Section, the Permit Division or the Secretary of DEQ transmitted these comments from the legal affairs section to Two Rivers. It's not in the file that Meredith's comments went to these people, but yet when you look at their submittal, they did most of the comments she asked. So the lack of documents that the legal affairs division provided comments on, the environmental assessment to Two Rivers and was instrumental in the re-write of the environmental assessment should serve as the basis for denial of the permit application by Two Rivers. Now, the second problem situation is that the alternative sites consideration section -- you

August 22 2006 Public Hearing.txt 20 don't have squirm, it's okay -- of the 21 environmental assessment suddenly contains 22 23 alternative sites. He talked to you about you're supposed to look at alternative sites and 24 alternative technology. Well, the second iteration 25 suddenly contained alternative sites after Meredith Page 79 01 sort of held their hand through it. The revised text contains a statement "Two Rivers evaluated a 02 number of other potential locations." 03 These are the names of the newly developed potential locations, the Rock Pile, Blood Road, Ice Cream Land and Avoyelles Property. Three of the four 04 05 06 sites did not have navigable river access or the 07 80 ability to construct a barge terminal and yet the 09 main focus in the application that Two Rivers has 10 continued to say is barge transportation in order to get the waste to the site. 11 In addition, the information provided on each of the alternative 12 13 sites is totally insufficient for DEQ to perform their required alternative site evaluation, not for 14 DEQ to tell the applicant how to write that 15 section. Based on the notes provided by Meredith, 16 Two Rivers developed an after the fact alternative 17 Such an after the fact process fails to 18 site list. 19 comply with the regulatory requirements and should be used as the basis of the permit denial. Louisiana Environmental Action Network requests 20 21 that the flaws in the permit application, the due process, the incomplete permit application, the lack of documentation of transmittal of documents 22 23 24 to Two Rivers and the after the fact alternative 25 Page 80 01 site evaluation process be used as the basis for the denial of the Two Rivers' permit application by DEQ. Thank you. And I have a copy of all of that including the attachments that I referred to and 02 03 04 05 the code numbers that go with the file record. 06 [BY MR. SMITH:] We will accept it for the record as "Exhibit Number 6." All right. Thank you. Is there any 07 80 All right. Thank you. Is there anyone 09 else who would like to come forward and speak at this time? Just give us your name and address again for the record. All right. We need to hold 10 11 We're going to take a short break while we 12 13 change a tape. OFF KECORD 14 [BY MR. SMITH:] 15 Let the record reflect that the time is now 16 17 8:01 p.m. and we are resuming with citizens 18 comments. Go ahead, sir. [BY MR. JOHN BRYANT:] 19 I'm John Bryant, 23262 Highway 124, Jonesville, Louisiana. I just had a couple of more comments and I think I stopped before on saying 20 21 22 23 that this is not a haphazard facility, almost over-24 engineered, top engineering principals and

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expertise reviews the soil property evaluated and

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then if the soil in the percolation zone that's important, not the surface ten or twelve inches. But after listening to some very emotional comments, I'll end mine with maybe somewhat emotional. But we know that in this parish, we know that we live in a rural area, that's been stated before and everyone knows that, but it's the future that's important and a strong future begins with the very basics. I'm talking about education, infrastructure we have, roads, bridges, so forth, the tax base we'd have, the job opportunities, and so far, this parish, our parish typifies inadequacy in all of those categories. Now, we live in a poor area and many among us, well, maybe not many, but some among us like it poor and they're determined to stay poor, but I'm not one of those. I think that we should move ahead. This thing is well engineered. I understand that people, some people oppose. They certainly have the right to do that. And maybe the majority is opposed. I don't think so, but it's possible. But I just don't want this parish to remain poor. I've worked on two or three projects and I'll have to say every one of them have been shot down. Nobody -- well, I can't say nobody. A minority shoots them down and people say

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that they're tired of this, they're tired of that, they're tired of being walked on. As far as the early American society is concerned, I can speak to that too. I'm five thirty-seconds Creek myself, so when people ask me did my ancestors come over on the Mayflower, I say no, they made it. So I can relate to some of those things. I know that they're important and no one is going to allow anything like that to happen. It's absurd, but we make very emotional comments about it. I just want to say that here is another opportunity, a well engineered, a well founded facility that gives this parish an opportunity to build an infrastructure, to build their education, build the tax base, provide job opportunities and even though -- we're not going to -- if this facility goes, I don't know, but I don't think it's going to hire any three or four hundred people. It might hire only a few people, but still we're building a foundation for future jobs and we're not going to get any jobs in this parish until we build that. People look at this place and they say well, everybody here, where do your children go? They go off to college. Most of them never return. What is there to return to? There are no jobs not in their field of expertise,

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so that's part of the reason that I would like to see the facility go. Thank you. [BY MR. SMITH:] Thank you. Are there any other comments? BY MR. DOYLE WIGGINS: Yes, I'd

like to make one please.

[BY MR. SMITH:]

Go ahead please, sir. Just give us your name and address and any group you may represent.

[BY MR. DOYLE WIGGINS:]

I'm Doyle Wiggins. I'm Police Jury District
5. My address is 163 Woody Road, Jonesville,
Louisiana, and I'd like to say I've got twelve
hundred and fifty people in my district and I have
not had one person oppose this landfill and I also
feel like that this landfill is a Catahoula issue.
We don't go over in Avoyelles Parish, Rapides
Parish, LaSalle Parish and tell them what they need
to do or not to do, but this is a Catahoula Parish
issue and like I said, I have not had one person
oppose this landfill. Thank you.
[BY MR. SMITH:]

Thank you. Are there any other comments? Give us your name and address for the record please, who you represent.

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[BY MR. DOUGLAS CLARK:]

My name is Douglas Clark. I'm the project manager for Two Rivers Recycling. My address is 1319 Military Cutoff, PMB176, Wilmington, North Carolina 46805. I just wanted to end with a few comments. The first I think and most important concerns American Native burial sites and prehistoric sites. We have begun the process of speaking with various tribes. We will continue to do that. There seems to be a number of people who have testified to say they know where these sites are and we welcome those folks to work with your various Indian tribes to locate on a map where those sites are because we do not know and we have been searching the documents at the Louisiana Department of Archaeology, we've spoken with people at LSU, we've spoken with a number of people associated with the State in this part of -- I think it's Morgan, Louisiana. So we're trying to put together as much information as we can. you do have information, please work with the tribes and let us know where those locations are. I would also like to mention that someone mentioned, someone stated that the movement of soil on our site will desecrate certain prehistoric

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sites. And again, there is a lack of understanding because perhaps we didn't state it clearly enough, but it is clearly stated in the permit application that we have no intention of coming anywhere close to those burial mound. And I will tell you again, if it had not been for the Delta Saline Farm and its managers, we would not have known about the very same sites that people want us to protect. Well, those sites have been protected by the farm for over thirty years, so some how the concept that the farm, its tenants or any other companies such as ours would go in and intentionally disturb those Page 38

August 22 2006 Public Hearing.txt sites is just unfounded. So again, for the third time, please work with us and identify those sites, but I ask you to work through the tribes and to work through the Department of Archaeology. The reason why is the maps to those sites are not public records. They're not public records because people have been known to go to those sites and to dig them up. We do not want that to happen. We have no trespassing signs all over our facility. We do not want people there. We will not allow people there, but yet there are people there still combing the fields, looking, digging and that will not be permitted. We do ask everyone, however, to

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become a part of that process, identify those sites, not to your neighbors, but to the tribes who know how to pass that information on to the Conservation Preservation Department and the Department of Archaeology. I would also like to state that there have been comments made of what happens if this company goes bankrupt, what happens if we take off. Well, there's a trust fund mechanism that is required by state law and we have met those requirements for the trust fund, and the trust fund is designed by the size of the facility and we have to put in sufficient amount of money which is determined by the Department of Environmental Quality into this trust fund. So that is how a company if they take off in the middle of the night or they go bankrupt or they go this or that, that money is in a trust fund to take care of that situation. I would also like to address the confusion around what people have said to be a letter from Assistant Secretary Chuck Carr Brown denying our permit and someone published that letter in the newspaper, but I will tell you, we applied under the emergency permit rules of the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality. met with them several times to understand what

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those emergency rules were. Those rules changed several times through the months of Katrina. So we did receive a letter from Chuck Carr Brown denying us the emergency permit application, not the permit application we're talking about here. The department determined that we were outside of the emergency area declared by the State. Well, we are inside the emergency area declared by FEMA. It doesn't matter. We went back, did all of the engineering required, did all of the site assessments required looking for the other sites and we developed this permit application and somewhere, I'm not sure, there does seem to be confusion in the record and I am not sure which one of those was because of the emergency permit application and this permit application, I just don't know, but there actually were two applications submitted. One was under emergency and this is under the standard permit application.

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        And those end my comments. Thank you very much.
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        [BY MR. SMITH:]
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             Thank you.
                              Are there any other comments?
        Anyone have anything to say before I close the record tonight? Okay. I'll remind you that the comment period for this technically complete solid
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        waste permit application and associated
        environmental assessment statement for Two Rivers
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        Recycling, LLC, ends at twelve thirty p.m., Thursday, September 28, 2006. A second public
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        hearing regarding this permitting action is
scheduled to be held on Thursday, August 24th, 2006
starting at six p.m. in Marksville at the Avoyelles
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        Parish Police Jury Meeting Room located at 312
North Main Street, Marksville, Louisiana 71351.
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        have received a total number of six exhibits during
        this hearing. If there are no other comments, \boldsymbol{I}
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        thank you for your attention and participation in this hearing. Let the record reflect that the time is now 8:14 p.m. This hearing is closed. HEARING CONCLUDED 8:14 P.M.
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        CERTI FI CATE
        STATE OF LOUISIANA
PARISH OF AVOYELLES
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             I, ANN BAKER, Certified Court Reporter, do hereby
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        certify, as the officer before whom the above testimony
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        was taken, that the foregoing transcript was recorded by
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        me, prepared and transcribed by Sondra Joiner, and is a
        valid transcript only when accompanied by my signature
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        and original seal on this page.
             I FÜRTHER CERTIFY that the foregoing constitutes a
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        true and correct transcription of the recording of the Public Hearing August 22, 2006 as shown in the foregoing
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        transcript.
             I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not related to any of
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        the parties, am not of counsel for any of them, and have
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        no financial interest in the outcome hereof.
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             IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto affixed my
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        signature at Effie, Louisiana, this 26th day of August,
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        20Ŏ6.
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ANN BAKER, CCR #91147